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Vol. XXIII.-No. 30.

GH. NORTH-CAROLINA.

Morth-Carolina Standard

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. FRANK. I. WILSON, Associate Editor.

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY-Two Dollars per annun nvariably in advance.
TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY—Four Dollars per annum, invariably in advance. All papers are discontinued at the exmiration of the time for which they have been paid.

Terms of Advertising in the Semi-Weekly Standard.

Our regular rates of advertising are as follows: One square, (14 lines or less) first insertion, - \$1 00 Each subsequent insertion, - - - - - -Longer advertisements in proportion. Contracts will be made with advertisers, at the above regular rates, for six or twelve months, and at the close of

the centract 33% per cent. will be deducted from the gross a mount.

Professional or business Cards, not exceeding five lines will be inserted in either the Weekly or Semi-Weekly, for for six months, or \$10 for twelve months; or in both papers for \$10 for six months, or \$15 for twelve months.

Terms of Advertising in the Weekly Standard. One dollar per square for the first insertion, and 25 cts. for each subsequent insertion. No deduction will be mad. on Weekly advertisements, no matter how long they may run. Only a limited number of advertisements will be admitted into the Weekly. All advertisements, not otherwise directed, are inserted in the Semi-Weekly, and charged accordingly. When the number of insertions is not marked on the advertisement it is inserted until forbid. * * Money sent us by mail is at our risk. March 7, 1857.

The Standard.

RALEIGH, SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1857.

HOLDEN & WILSON, STATE PRINTERS, AUTHORIZED PUBLISHERS OF THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS, THE LAST GENERAL ASSEMBLY. by an act entitled, "A supplementary act to take the sense of the people of the State relative to the proposed mendment of the Constitution," did enact as follows:
"Whereas, a bill to amend the Constitution of the State of North-Carolina, has been read in each house of the present

General Assembly on three several days, and agreed to by two-thirds of each house respectively, in the precise words following: "A bill to amend the Constitution of the State Whereas, at the session of the last General Assembly. begun and held at Raleigh, on the third Monday of Novem

ber, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, a bill, entitled "a bill to amend the Constitution of the State of North-Carolina," was read three times in each house of the said General Assembly, and ag by three-fifths of the whole number of members of each house respectively. And whereas, the bill so agreed to hath been duly published six months previous to the election of the members of this present General Assembly, according to the clause of section one of article four of the amended Constitution, and the directions contained in the second section of the said bill; and it is the intention, by this bill, to agree to the preamble and first section of the bill aforesaid, containing the said alteration of the Constitution of this State: And whereas, a large number of the people are disfranchised by the freehold qualification now equired of voters for members of the Senate; therefore, Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North-Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the methority of the same, two-thirds of the whole number of members of each house concurring, That the second clause of the third section of the first article of the amended Constitution, ratified by the people of North-Carolina, on the second Monday of November, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty-five, shall be amended to read as follows: "Ecery free white man of the age of twenty-one years, being a native or naturalized citizen of the United States, and who has been an inhabitant of the State for twelve months immediately preceding the day of any election, and shall have paid public taxes, shall be entitled to vote for a member of the Senate for the district in which he resides."

And whereas, it was further provided by the said act, "that the foregoing amendment to the Constitution of this State, as embodied in the preceding section, be submitted by the Governor to the people on the first Thursday in August, 1857, sixty days notice having been given in ten

new spapers":
NOW, THEREFORE, I do hereby give notice to all persons entitled to vote for members of the House of Commons, that polls will be opened on the first Thursday in August next, by the Sheriffs of the respective Counties, at the election precincts within the same, to take the sense of the said voters as to the ratification of said amendment to the Constitution of the State; those for ratification to vote with a written or printed ticket-" Approved;" those opposed thereto to vote with a similar ticket-"Not Approved. Given under my hand, as Governor of the

State of North Carolina, at the Executive office in the City of Raleigh, on the 18th day of May,

By the Governor: PULASKI COWPER, Pr. Sec'y. The Democratic Pioneer, Goldsborough Tribune

Wilmington Commercial, North-Carolina Standard, Raleigh Register, Greensboro' Times, Charlotte Democrat, Western Sentinel, Asheville News and Rutherford Democrat, will publish the above weekly for the space of sixty days, and send a copy of paper containing advertisement, with bill for same, to the Executive department.

Some Observations in Reply to the Register. The Register continues to call upon us for our opinions on Deposit and Distribution. We have given them repeatedly, and they are well known to our readers. We have no opinion touching the affairs of the country which we desire to conceal. Our readers will bear us witness that if we have not urged our views with force and ability, we have at least never concealed them.

The deposit question is no party question. The deposit act of 1836 was voted for and voted against by good Democrats; and no Democratic Convention or Democratic meeting in this State, so far as we know, has ever approved or disapproved that act. The Register wishes to know how we would have voted on the question if we had been a member of Congress. That paper must put a supposable case, if it desires an answer. We have not been, nor do we ever expect to be, nor do we desire to be member of Congress. But we will remind our cotemporary of the fact that Messrs. Clingman, Craige, Branch, Ruffin and Winslow all voted at the last session for the deposit act, and that we are supporting them all cordially for re-election to the House of Representatives. What does our neighbor

It is neither wise, nor Constitutional, nor Democratic to advocate a distribution of the proceeds of the public lands, or a division of the lands themselves among the States. We have always held this opinion, and we hold it now. We are fixed in it. We will never yield to the clamor for a share of the public lands or their proceeds. We will stand where we are, and where we planted ourselves in 1843. though others may drift away in what they may regard as the popular flood; and we repeat, if the general government cannot manage its own property in the public lands for the States, and so use and dispose of them as to produce the greatest good to all the members of the Confederacy, then the general government has failed to meet one of the leading objects for which it was founded. A government which cannot hold and properly use the property that belongs to it, and which has been vested in it by the States that established it, is no government at all so far as property is concerned; and failing thus as to the lands, it might as well fail also, so far as the principle is concerned, as to the property necessary to maintain the army and navy. We can perceive no difference between the two propositions. North-

Carolina is now paying between two and three millions of dollars per annum in tariff-taxes, largely if not mainly for the benefit of Northern manufacturers; and this, as it is paid on imported goods in New York City, calls for Northern exchange at a heavy premium, greatly to the disadvantage and detriment of our banks and our business men. But the people have at last to foot the bill, for it is well known that the consumer pays not only the tarifftaxes, but all other charges. We want the proceeds of the public lands to continue to go into the Treasury, to be used for general purposes, and we desire a still further reduction of the tariff; and we regard any proposition to divide or distribute those proceeds among the States, as a proposition in sub-

on our citizens. Such is our position. Let the Register show, if it can, that it is not correct. We maintain it-let our neighbor assail it, and convince the people, if he can, that we are in error. We are entirely composed on the subject, and we repose the most unfaltering confidence in the judgment and good common sense of the people.

stance- though not intended probably when made

in the South-to add to the tariff-taxes now imposed

Distribution in Virginia.

The elections in Virginia will take place on the 28th, the Know Nothings having made distribution the main test. We shall see how that staunch republican State will deal with the humbug. We see it stated that Whigs there are coming over to the Democratic party, on the distribution question. The Charlottesville Jeffersonian states that many Whigs in Amherst county have taken this step-and the Martinsburg Republican states that Lemuel Vanorsdall, the Know Nothing representative from Morgan county in the last House of Delegates, would have been nominated for re-election, by a County Convention, on the first ballot, but for his having dec'ared himself opposed to distribution. Johnson Orrick, Esq., received the nomination.

We do not wonder at old line Whigs taking ground against Know Nothing policy. They know in the first place, that distribution is impracticable; and in the second place, they have no confidence in the Know Nothing leaders, and will not go with

Dr. Hawks in Goldsboro'. - Dr. Hawks preached in St. Stephen's Church, Goldsborough, on last Sabbath forenoon and afternoon. The Tribune says, 'we were not present at the afternoon service, but the church was crowded in the morning, and the distinguished divine delivered one of the most comprehensive, impressive and pursuasive discourses that it was ever our privilege to hear. His manner is clear and mild but very earnest."

Dr. Hawks, we learn, is to deliver the address in Oxford on the 24th of next month, on the occasion of dedicating St. John's College, erected in that place by the Free Masons of North-Carolina.

The hope is indulged that the Reverend and distinguished gentleman may find it convenient to attend the Educational State Convention to be held at Warrenton on the 30th June.

PORTE CRAYON. - We notice that some of the editors in North Carolina take exceptions to the Porte Crayon sketches and illustrations, in Harper's Magazine, of scenes and life in our State. The Greensporo' Times has the most sensible article on the subject that we have seen. Porte Crayon only intended to pay us the compliment of using North Carolina for the amusement of the "F. F. Vs." and fashinoable loungers at large, who patronize that Magazine. Where's the editor that has ever done the renowned Mrs. Partington strict justice! And how different is North Carolina, in the eyes of Porte Crayon and such like, from that paragon of female perfection!

We clip the above from the Salisbury Watchman. For our own part we would be pleased to see Harper's Magazine banished from our State. We trust that subscribers in North Carolina will cut it, and that respectable booksellers will lay Russell's Magazine in its place upon their counters. Our S:ate has been the jest of the thoughtless and the sneer of the malicious too long. We owe it to our self respect to oppose further attempts against us in this direction. He who does not respect himself will not, and should not, be respected by others. With a State or community the same rule holds good. If Harper sends a wandering buffoon among us to ridicule and make sport of us, let us disregard the poor devil of an instrument and rebuke the principal. We think Harper unworthy the patronage of North Carolinians. We were surprised to see Porte Crayon's carricatures puffed by some of our State papers. Were they true to North Carolina?

W. J. SAUNDERS, Esq.-We were much pleased with the charge delivered by this young gentleman to the grand jury on Tuesday last. Mr. Saunders has just come to the bar, and he has shown by this his first effort that he posseses those qualities which are the sure forerunners of success. He may congratulate himself not only upon the attention paid him by the Court, jury and bar, but also upon the marked interest shown by the dense throng in the Court room; and this interest was made manifest at the conclusion of the charge, in a most agreeable manner to a young lawyer, by the application of a gentleman to appear for him in a suit docketed for the following day. Mr. S. has shown himself in his entrance upon his profession a worthy descendant of his honored father, who is one of the most learned jurists and one of the ablest men in the country. Though nearly upon the "shady side" of forty, our sympathies are with the young men of our State, and we wish them all well.

We are indebted to the courtesy of Messrs. Fulton & Price, Editors of the Wilmington Journal, for a neat pamphlet copy of the Address delivered at the celebration of the Battle of Moore's Creek, by Joshua G. Wright, Esq. We have read this address with much interest and pleasure, and concur with our venerable cotemporary of the Hillsborough Recorder, in characterizing it as "a handsome tribute to the memory of the gallant and patriotic actors in that affair, which confers honor on the men of Cape Fear, and forcibly illustrates the spirit which achieved our national independence."

GOLDSBOROUGH FEMALE COLLEGE .-- On Tuesday next the examination of the classes will commence. On Wednesday night the Rev. Thos. G. Lowe will preach the annual sermon-on Thursday evening the Rev. Dr. Deems will deliver the literary address, and on Thursday night Prof. Whitaker and the young ladies of the College will give a concert. The occasion will no doubt be interesting.

When the Chairman concluded, it was moved and Wake County Courter victioniann

On Thursday, the free negroes lengaged in the late riot and resistance in this County to the patrol in which Mr. Hinton and others were injured, were examined before the Court; and Joseph Wilson, white man, also involved, was brought up. and the

Wilson was bound over to the Superior Court in the sum of \$2,000, and failing to give bail, was committed. Henry Mimms, William Robertson, John Mills, and William Mills, free negroes, were also bound to the Superior Court, and committed to prison. Sidney Robertson, Jim Mills, Marshall Waldron, Allen Mooneyham, and Alfred Stuart, free

negroes, were discharged. The County Attorney, J. K. Marriott, Esq., and H. W. Miller, Esq., appeared for the State; Messrs. Battle and Rogers for Joseph Wilson, charged with perjury; and Mr. Rogers for William Mills and John

Mills, and also for those named above as discharged. The County Attorney has evinced a commendable zeal in ferreting out and binding over the parties supposed to be guilty to the Superior Court.

One of the witnesses examined-a free negro woman-testified that she saw Henry Mimms strike Mr. Hinton with the spade, used as a fire shovel .-He fell in the fire, and she pulled him out. At the former examination, it will be remembered, Marion Keith also swore that he saw Mimms strike the blow. Mimms is a large, black, dirty-looking negro, and evidently a desperate character.

A GREAT RAILROAD.—The senior Editor of the Fryetteville Observer, writing from Charleston, S. C., under date May 16, says:

"Meeting a South Carolina acquaintance at Kingsville, he introduced me to the President of this great corporation, the South Carolina railroad, which extends from Charleston to Augusta, with branches to Kingsville, to Columbia and to Camden. The main road was built about 30 years ago, and at that time was the longest road (137 miles) in the world. It was orginally laid with flat iron bars, and I well remember how I was startled some 20 years ago, when riding our it for the first time, by one of those bars being forced through the bottom of the cara snake-head as it was called-and spending its force just as it touched my person. It was a narrow escape. There are no snake-heads now. People have quit building rail roads of such cheap iron-far more costly in the end. The road is now in admirable order. Its income is a million and a half of dollars. and expenses half that sum. It pays interest on a considerable debt and dividends of 10 per cent, a year to its stockholders. Its averege dividends from the commencement have, however, been only 4 per

learned a fact from another South Carolina gentleman, to whom I had the pleasure of an introduction, which deserves to be known. The President of the Road gets a salary of \$7,000 a year. He thought it too high a salary, and he thought the extraordinary qualities of his General Superintendent were worth more than the \$3000 .. hich the Company allowed to that officer, and so he voluntarily set apart one thousand of his seven to make the Superintendent's three thousand four. Such a rare instance of unselfishness added to the respect which his good conce had incpired. He is a wealthy man, and has been a large contributor to the public works of South Carolina. His Superintendent was raised in the workshops of the Company, and must be a man of extraordinary capacity and integrity to merit the praise which I heard awarded to him by both the gentlemen I have mentioned. I suppose he will one day be himself President of the Company."

We have heard this Superintendent spoken of before. He is a self-made, practical man. The South needs just such men in all her public worksmen who know what labor is by experience, and who are well acquainted with business matters and with human nature. Labor, work, energy, development !- these are what the South must look for in all who serve her in places of importance.

RUNNING THE COMET INTO THE GROUND .- The Indianapolis Journal advances a new and very striking theory of the "Aurora Borealis," viz: That a comet has at some time hit the earth at the Northern Pole. run into Symme's Hole, leaving its tail sticking t, the flapping of which makes auroral light.

Doubtful. The rumor now is that the comet is going the other way. Our venerable and sagacious cotemporary of the Wilmington Commercial keeps a close bead upon it, and is of the opinion that no damage will be done. If it should come very near the United States, it may be annexed, Com-ical-

WASHINGTON GOSSIP .- The movement in the Cabinet comprehends a plan for the acquisition of Cuba embracing the active cooperation of England, France and Spain, by purchase, at the Ostend valuation of \$120,000,000. Under Mr. Polk, Buchanan, as Secretary of State, offered the sum of \$100,000,000, and it is thought now that an advance of twenty per cent. will be a satisfactory margin of allowance for the increased value of the island. The Rothschilds are to be entrusted with the practical business of this arrangement; and their first requisition will be the appointment of a member of their tribe and their financial family-Mr. August Belmonte-as Minister to Spain. Mr. Buchanan's great ambition is the purchase of Cuba, and if he can buy it on reasonable New York Herald.

The above is no doubt "Washington gossip," and we give it for what it is worth. The Heraid knows every thing, and a great deal more besides. Wonder if James Gordon Bennett would like to be Minister to Spain or France. We expect to get Cuba long before he gets to either Court as a Minister Plenipotentiary.

"CHERAW AND COALFIELDS ROAD -The Charleston Mercury, in publishing the advertisement giving notice of the opening of books of subscription to this work, says: "We have often expressed our opinion of the value of this road. It opens to Charleston a direct communication with one of the richest Coal fields of the Southern country; and this communication is, at the same time, one of the shortest routes in the great thoroughfare of Northern and Southern travel."

THE MOUNT VERNON PURCHASE.-The Hon. Wm. L. Yancey, formerly a member of Congress from Alabama, is speaking at various places in the South in behalf of the Mount Vernon purchase. Having entered upon his task as "a labor of love," his efforts are said to be fine specimens of effective elo-

We learn from the Fayetteville Observer. that at a meeting of the stockholders at Greensborough on Thursday last, it was determined to establish "The North Carolina Presbyterian" at that place. Rev. William N. Mebane of Rockingham county and Rev. George McNeill of Fayetteville were appointed Editors with liberal salaries. Rev. Messrs. George McNeill, W. N. Mebane, Archibald Baker, and C. H. Wiley, and Messrs. George McNeill, sr., David. Murphy and John H. Cook, were appointed an Executive Committee, (of which Geo. McNeill, Esq., is Chairman.) to put the paper under way and manage its business affairs.

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ter. Perings we had DANGRAG until Sonin is wil-

To morrow being the eighty second Anniversary of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence, and as the people of Charlotte and of Mecklenburg county, together with their fellow citizens of North-Carolina and adjoining States, are now assembling for the purpose of participating in the celebration of the day, we publish below a copy of the Resolutions adopted in the town of Charlotte on Friday the 20th day of May, 1775, with the names of the signers attached: near tack passitions; see a syntax si it seems to the very tack to the seems to the seem

Read by Col. Thomas Polk." Resolved. That whosoever directly or indirectly abetted or in any way, form or manner, countenanced the unchartered and dangerous invasion of our rights, as claimed by Great Britain,

is an enemy to this country, to America, and to the inherent and inalienable rights of man. Resolved, That we, the citizens of Mecklenburg/county, do hereby dissolve the political bands which ha s concected us to the mother country, and hereby bsolve ourselves from all allegience to the British crown, and abjure all political connection, contract, or association with that nation, who have wantonly trampled on our rights and liberties, and inhumanly shed the blood of American patriots at

Lexington. Resoived, That we do hereby declare ourselves a free and independent people, are, and of right ought. to be, a sovereign and self-governing association, under the control of no power other than that of our God and the general government of the Congress; to the maintenance of which independence, we solemnly pledge to each other our mutual co-operation, our lives, our fortunes, and our most sacred honor.

Resolved, That as we now acknowledge the existence and control of no law or legal officer, civil or. military, within this county, we do hereby ordain and adopt, as a rule of life, all and every of our former laws,-wherein, nevertheless, the crown of Great Britain never can be considered as holding

rights, privileges, immunities or authorities therein. Resolved, That it is further decreed, that all, each and every military officer in this county, is hereby reinstated in his former command and authority, he acting conformably to these regulations. And that every member present, of this delegation, shall henceforth be a civil officer, viz: a Justice of the Peace, in the character of a "Committee-man," to issue process, hear and determine all matters of controversy, according to said adopted laws, and to preserve peace, union, and harmony in said county; and to use every exertion to spread the love of country and fire of freedom throughout America, until a more general and organized Government be established in this province.

ABRAHAM ALEXANDER, JOHN McKNITT ALEXANDER, EPHRAIM BREVARD. HEZEKIAH J. BLACK JOHN PHIFER, JAMES HARRIS, WILLIAM KENNON, JOHN FORD, RICHARD BARRY, HENRY DOWNS, EZRA ALEXANDER WILLIAM GRAHAM, JOHN QUEARY. HEZEKIAH ALEXANDER, ADAM ALEXANDER, CHARLES ALEXANDER, ZACCHEUS WILSON, WAIGHTSTILL AVERY. BENJAMIN PATTON. MATTHEW McCLURE, NEIL MORISON. ROBERT IRVIN. JOHN FLENNAGIN, DAVID REESE. JOHN DAVIDSON, RICHARD HARRIS, THOMAS POLK.

THE CHARLOTTE CELEBRATION.—The weather for two or three days preceding the 20th was cold and rainy, and this doubtless prevented a considerable number of persons from attending; but Wednesday-the day-was clear and pleasant, and the large concourse present were no doubt highly pleased and entertained. We have no particulars of the celebration, but expect to be able to give some sketch of it in our next. We regret that it was not in our power to attend.

His Excellency Gov. Bragg left the City on Tuesday morning for Charlotte, and we learn that the Hon. Asa. Biggs went up on Monday.

We learn that Dr. S. S. Satchwell, of New Hanover, has accepted an invitation to deliver the Annual Address before the Chowan Female Collegiate Institute on the first Wednesday in July next. Dr. S. is a gentleman of surperior literary attainments, and an excellent address may be expected.

Godey's Lady's Book for June has been received. It is an excellent number, and cannot fail to edify and instruct the ladies. Godey is a business man of the first water, and deserves all the encouragement

Dr. Hawks, who is to deliver the Address at the celebration on Wednesday, arrived on the Monday evening train, and was greeted at the depot by a large concourse of our citizens. Gen. J. A. Young addressed him on behalf of the citizens, extending to him a cordial welcome, and alluded in complimentary terms to the efforts made by the reverend and distinguished gentleman to preserve the history of the

Old North State. Dr. Hawks replied in an eloquent and feeling manner, saying that he had no words to express the gratitude he felt at the marks of respect shown him on this and previous occasions since he entered the limits of his native State. His efforts, to which allusion had been made, were actuated by a sincere desire to preserve and perpetuate the fame of North Carolina, and if, with the permission of God, he should succeed in doing this, he would feel that he had discharged to his mother State simply the duty of a son. Wherever Providence should cast his lot, the great purpose of his life should be to do nothing to detract from her fair fame; and the wish of his heart was that when done with earth, his bones might rest with his fathers in her peaceful soil.

He was then esorted to his lodgings at the Manison Charlotte Democrat.

From Washington City.

WASHINGTON, May 19 .- Dispatches have been received from Maj. McCullough, declining the Governorship of Utah.

Judge Drummond has not been offered the position, as stated; but this afternoon a despatch was sent to some western man, whose name has been officially consealed for the present, tendering it to

The recent information has caused a change of policy towards the Mormons. The condition of that country is now such as to require vigorous measures. Troops, in large numbers, will be sent thither, probably under the command of Col. Harney. The Administration will now lose no time in bringing the Mormons to their senses, and in giving peace to the Territory.

WHEAT IN CALIFORNIA. -On the first of April wheat was selling at San Francisco at five cents per pound, which is the regular commercial method of measure. That is equivalent to \$3 a bushel as we measure here.

hons of dellars; bet when you come to build 150 Democratic Meeting in Corritack Countries to A meeting of the Democracy of Curritack was: held at the Court House on Tuesday, the 5th of May, when, on motion, of R. Morton, Joseph S. Dev was called to the Chair, and Joshua W. Baxter requested to act as Secretary, store pilong apor

This work would, in my opinion, have ere

Col John B. Jones then explained the object of the meeting in a few pertinent remarks, and moved that the Chairman appoint a Committee of five todraught resolutionsfor the consideration of the meeting; whereupon, W. George Granbery, E. Monton, Launcelet Poyner, John L. Cox, and John B. Jones were appointed to act on said Committeewho, after retiring for a few minutes, returned and reported the following resolutions as an inself

WHEREAS, It has been proposed to hold a Convention in Winten, on Thursday the 28th of May, to nominate a candidate to pepresent the Democratic party of the First Congressional District in the next; longress of the United States; therefore, me feeter

Resolved, That the Democracy of Currituck apprave the time and place; of holding said Convention, and that the Chairman of this meeting appoint sixty delegates to attend the same poles to the

Resolved, That we re-affirm our attachment to the cratic party, and ayow a more determined purpose. to support and maintain them, believing as we do, that they are essential to the protection of the Constitution, the safety of the Union, and the preservetion of the rights and liberties of the people." or His

Resolved, That, cherishing principles more than we regard men, we will not support any man for office who does not cordially and unhesitatingly subscribe to all the tenets of the Democratic faith. Resolved, That having the utmost confidence in the integrity of the Hone H. M. Shaw, and in his ability for discharging the duties of Representative with signal advantage to the State and credit to him-

self, whilst we profer him, yet are we willing and ready to co-operate with our brethren of the District in securing the election of the choice of the Resolved. That we cordially approve the Imanlyand straightforward policy of our late Chief Magistrate, Franklin Pierce, and he carries with him in his retirement from office the best wishes of a people,

grateful for his open and arowed opposition to the

numerous factions and isms of the day, and for his strict adherence to the Constitution-the bulwark of the liberties of the people or beside but you most on Resolved, That we congratulate the Democracy of he whole Union for the great victory achieved by them in the election of James Buchanan, and John C. Breckinridge; that we have the fullest confidence in their ability and statesmanship, and we believe that through their administration peace, presperity,

happiness, religious freedom and the equal rights of

the whole people will be strictly observed. Resolved, That we admire the course of those old line Whigs in the late Presidential campaign who, loving the prosperity of their country more than the success of party in the hour of danger came to the rescue of the Constitution, and aided in one of the greatest victories ever achieved in any country. To all such we extend the hand of brotherhood, and bid them a cordial God-speed in the good work of co-operating with the only national party in securing the preservation of the Union and the protection of the Constitution. On motion, the above resolutions were unanimous-

ly adopted. In obedience to the first resolution, the Chairman appointed the following persons as delegates to attend the Convention at Winton:

John L. Cox, Thos. L. Sanderson, Philip Northun. James Morse, Wm. Goodman, John Macklin, Dr. W. H. Lassell, Israel Fanshaw, Davis B. Morse, B. S. Dey, John Perkins, E. B. Simmons, Jas. B. Morse, Isaiah Etheridge, W. G. Wilson, Solomon Ashbee, Thos. C. Humphries, Geo. Bell, Joseph Cowell, Wm. R. Gordon, Dr. W. H. Cowell, Ed. F. Dozier, Thos. F. Baxter, Hilliard E. Baxter, E. Morton, W. George Granbery, E. Simmons, A. M. Cunningham, Isaac B. Hughes, Dr. L. M. Bell, Col. John B. Jones, H. White, J. B. Stone, J. J. Waterfield, C. W. Nicholson, John Simmons, B. T. Simmons, John Jarvis, E. B. Midgett, Step. G. Forbes, Jno. S. Poyner, John Bunnell, A. H. Lindsey, Jasper Jarred, Jasper White, Launcelot Poyner, Wm. A. Jarvis, Thos. S. Woodhouse, Thos. B. Tillett, Wm. S. Harrison, Hiram Gallop, Sol. A. Baum, Jos. M. Daniel, Thomas A. Dough, S. B. Jarvis, Step. G. Wilson, Dr. G. C. Marchant, Willoughby McBride, B. F. Gilbert, Jno. F. Frost, Henry Ballentine, B. C. Walker, Jasem Bell, and Isaac Snowden.

On motion, the names of the Chairman and Secretary were added to the list of delegates. The meeting was entertained by patriotic and soulstirring speeches from Wm. F. Martin, Esq., Hon.

H. M. Shaw, Wm. A. Moore and L. J. Johnson, Es-On motion, the proceedings of this meeting were ordered to be published in the Democratic Pioneer

and Raleigh Standard, and that other Democratic papers of the State be requested to copy the same. On motion, the meeting adjourned. J. S. DEY, Chairman. JOSHUA W. BAXTER, Sec'v.

Last evening, James Banks, Esq., of Fayetteville, delivered a lecture in the Court House, on 'the Romance of Scottish History," in aid of the funds of the Mount Vernon Association. The attendance was highly respectable, and would

have been very full, but for the unfavorable state of the weather, which prevented a great many people from going, as it rained heavily about the time of the commencement of the lecture. Mr. Banks opened his sketch with the disputed

succession to the Scottish Throne, referred to Edward the First of England, who decided in favor of Baliol, the legitimate claimant, extorting from that weak Prince, a recognition of his [Edward's] supremacy, and causing Baliol to hold the Scottish Crown as a feudal vassal of England. Upon this followed the attempts at the complete subjugation of Scotland, resisted by Sir William Wallace, the Knight of Ellershe, emphatically the Hero of Scotland, betraved to the English by "the Red Comyn," the Arnold of Caledonia. Then came Bruce and Bannockburn-William, the Lion, and the beauteous but fatal Mary, 'Queen of Scotts"-then the chivalrous devotion of the Clans to Scotland's King—the old and the young Pretender. This feeling of loyalty, transferred to the House of Hanover, explained and excused, if it did not justify, the action of the Clans at the outbreak of the Revolution.

Mr. Banks' lecture was listened to with that marked attention and respect to which the character and talents of the lecturer, the interest of the subject, and the noble purpose to which the proceeds were devoted, entitled it. Wil. Journal.

Mormon Outrages in Utah.

New York, May 17 .- The New York Times correspondent, writing from Salt Lake, says that a band of armed men entered the Court Room while the Court was in session, and, by threats of violence, compelled Judge Stiles to adjourn sine die. But, previousto submitting, the Judge appealed to Brigham Young, who replied that he would not interfere, but let the boys have their own way; for the court had already given him too much trouble. The greatest excitement prevailed, and the Mormons are known to be well armed, and have threatened the grossest personal violence to all the gentiles, particularly to the U. S. Surveyor General.

THE WHEAT CROP.-The New York Journal of Commerce remarks that there is a large breadth of land sown with wheat, and even if a part of it is winter killed, and still more is damaged by the backward spring and other causes, there will still be left a yeild above the average of past years.

The citizens of Charlotte have raised a pole in the public square, 127 feet high, from which floats a beautiful flag made by the ladies.

scheme of internal improvements so bitterly oppos-THE GIBBER TESTIMONIAL We are beppy to the nounce that the members of the press, including the lishments, in our city, very gendrally, and other symiliproprietor of the Columbia South Carolinian? Ink Stand, Paper Cutter, Gold Per and Pen English in token of their approval of his independence and caprit de corps, in vindicating the rights of the press and of corporators, in the recent case of R. W. Cand bes vs. E. J. Arthur and John Burdell, tried at Col usable, before his Honor Judge, Withers wid which resulted in a vardict for the Plaintiff. The Int Stand pears the following inscription them ent of the a tag

B. J. Arthur and John Burdellale one saw deminant party 1857 1857 view and March 14th, 1857 Presented by sympathizing members of the Press

and other friends. The testimonial will remain at the Courier office for a day or two. The fact of Charleston Courier of the state of the courier of th first as an alternative because will out the passage of the Central legional me Characte and Banville

Quenec, May 18. The steamer, Anglo-Saxon and ived here to day, bringing Liverpool dates to the Carolina. To prevent this evil and to satisfant dir. It. It become part of the carolina in the been discovered in Spain. Generale Sentings Mondina and Garrido are about embarking to take command of the expedition against Mexico. The Queen,

in her speech, however, expresses the belief that all difficulties between the two nations will be arranged. without hostilities of the South and and before I The Queen's opening speech to the British Parlian ment is anticipated with intense anxiety, as it is being lieved that Roebuck's threatened amendment will be

carried. The Manchester Art Association had been opened The French journals assert that Lord Elgin mile demand of China a renewal of the late treety, with: an extension of privileges to three other ports be sides the five already mentioned also allewing the establishment of military posts in all the cities where

English Consuls reside, and the erection of forts at Canton, Hong Kong, and Shanghai. debt. The Russian treaties with Japan, opens the ports of Semoda and Hakodadi to Russian commerce.
Rome, it is said, will make further reduction of due. ties on texile fabrics. Russia removes the prohibition of the export of

The Danish Ministerial difficulties continue.

Liverpool, May 6.—Breadstuffs are steady and, slightly higher. Cotton is generally unchanged. The sales of cotton for the last three days amount to 20,000 bales. Sales of canal flour at 29s. to 20s; Southern 30 to 31s; Ohio 32 to 33s. Red wheat 8 to 9s; white 9s. 9d. Mixed corn 34s. to 35s. 6d; Jeh 35s. 9d.; white 37s. 6d. Resin is fir Spirits Turpentine is steady at 39s. Money is easier; consols for money 931, and for account 931 to some

ALABAMA. - We have very recent political news. from Alabama on which the reader may rely, Thusp it is questionable whether Mr. Shorter will have apri position for Congress. If so, however, the contest will be but a nominal one in his (the second) district, as there is no possibility of defeating him. Mr. Walker's opponent at the last election in the Mobile district,) is again the Democratic nominge, His election is rendered certain by the accession of Mr. Walker and his host of personal friends, some time since, to the Democratic party. There can be no doubt that J. L. B. Curry (Democrat) will be elected from the district of the late lamented Sampreson Harris. The Democrats are laboring with might and main to defeat Mr. Smith, with every prospect of success. On the whole, it strikes us as being well nigh a moral certainty that the Alabama delegation in the next Congress will be unanimously Demo-

The Richmond Whig, an "American" organ; thus complains of the depressing influences of the Know Nothing movement on the political status of the Old Dominion:

"It is somewhat probable that we shall never be without domestic vexation and trouble here in Richmond. Ever since Know-Nothingism made its advent among us, small men command a premium in the market; and it is this which has disgusted so many of the old-line Whigs, who retain a lively and pleasant recollection of the palmy days of the Whig party, when able and influential champions were put in the lead, and commanded the fullest respect and admiration of their political opponents. But things have sadly changed. The littlest men have become the biggest in their own estimation, and so it will be. we fear, to the end of the chapter."

THE WESTERN RAILROAD. - A large number of bids for the 2d division contract advertised by the Western Railroad Company, were considered by the Directors on Thursday last. The contract for one section (2 miles) was awarded to Jonathan Worth, Esq.; for another to J. Q. A. Leach, Esq.; two sections to Thos. Waddill & Co.; two to J. C. Lally & Co.; and two were left open for contract, pending negotiations with one of the largest stockholders in the Compa-

The contracis were made, we understand, at fair prices, entirely satisfactory to the Directors of the Fay. Obs.

County Court.-County Court is in session this week and as usual the docket is full up, and running over: The promptness and zeal with which our County, Solicitor, J. K. Marriott, Esq., performs his duties, make him a terror to evil doers. Giraffe.

A shawl was recently sold in Philadelphia for \$1425. In the same city women make shirts for six

MARRIED,

In Caswell County, at the residence of Mr. Henry Bush-nell, on the 28th April, by the Rev. Thomas W. Tobey, Mr. Newman A. Peale, of Rockingham county, Va., to Miss Sallie J. Bushnell.

UNIVERSITY COMPENCEMENT. VIEW OF AN UNUSUALLY LARGE ATTEND.

ance at Commencement, the Proprietor of the "Union Hotel," Chapel Hill, takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that ample preparations have been made for the accommodation of visitors to the University, to witness the exercises at the approaching Commencement. His stables are also well supplied with Commencement. His stables are also well supplied with good provender, so that all may rely on their horses being well cared for.

H. B. GUTHRIE. Mny 22, 1857.
Register please copy.

NEGROES WANTED.—MORGAN, ROGERS & Co, wish to buy likely young pegroes, and will pay the highest cash prices for them. They will attend to information on the subject from any part of the State. Their Postoffice is Fish Dam, Wake Co., N. C. 1186-wasw2mpd. May 22, 1857.

ED. GRAHAM HAYWOOD. Counsellor and Attorney at Law,

RALEIGH, N. C., Will attend the County and Superior Courts of Wake, Johnston and Chatham; the Superior Courts of New Hanover and Sampson, and the Terms of the Federal Courts, and Supreme Court of North-Carolina at Raleigh.

Office, the one formerly occupied by the late Hon. Will.

H. Haywood, Jr.

Releigh May 20 1077 Raleigh, May 22, 1857.

CAPE FEAR NAVIGATION CO.—THE AN-nual meeting of the stockholders will be held in Fay-efteville on Friday, 29th May, 1857. J. H. HALL, Pres't.

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